

Panaji, 31st March, 1977 (Chaitra 10, 1899)

SERIES I No. 53

OFFICIAL GAZETTE



GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

GOVERNMENT OF GOA, DAMAN AND DIU

Home Department (Passports)

Notification

HD.33/13588/71-P(I)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 46 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1964 (6 of 1964) the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following rules so as to further amend the Goa, Daman and Diu Administration of Evacuee Property Rules 1965, namely:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*— (1) These Rules may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Administration of Evacuee Property (Amendment) Rules 1977.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. *Amendment of Rule 5.*— For the existing sub-rule (2) of Rule 5 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Administration of Evacuee Property Rules, 1965 (hereinafter called the "said Rules") the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) The Notification shall be in Form No. 2 and shall give particulars of the property regarding the location etc. In case of agricultural land, it shall specify, as far as possible, its name and registration number and the village where it is situated."

3. *Amendment of Rule 6.*— For the existing Rule 6 of the said Rules the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"6. *Notice to surrender possession under sub-section (3) of Section 6(1).*— (1) On the publication of a notification under Rule 5, a notice in Form No. 3 demanding surrender of possession may be served on the occupant or holder of evacuee property, calling upon him to surrender possession to the Custodian or a person authorised by him in this behalf within the time specified in the notice, provided that in an emergent case, the Custodian may require the occupant to give up possession immediately and the premises may be sealed at once:

Provided that in cases where the Custodian is satisfied that the occupant or the holder of evacuee property is tampering with the evacuee property and that possession of the property

by the occupant or holder is against the interest of the evacuee or such possession comes in the way of smooth management of the evacuee property, the Custodian may require the occupant or the holder to give up possession forthwith and the premises may be sealed at once.

(2) The notice under sub-rule (1) shall be signed by an officer not below the rank of an Assistant Custodian.

4. *Amendment of Rule 16.*— Sub-rules (7) and (8) of Rule 16 of the said Rules shall be deleted.

5. *Amendment of Rule 20.*— At the end of rule 20 of the said rules the following sentence shall be inserted, namely:—

"The rent for the property so leased shall be determined by the Custodian by following the C.P.W.D. Code."

6. *Insertion of new rule 20A.*— After rule 20 of the principal Rules, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"20A.— *Assessment of damages in cases of unauthorised possession.*— If any person is or has at any time been, in unauthorised possession of any evacuee property, the Custodian may direct such person to make payment of such sums of money as may be determined by the Custodian in accordance with the principles applicable for determination of rent of properties leased out under rule 20."

7. *Amendment of Rule 22.*— i) In the marginal heading of Rule 22 of the said Rules for the word "Administration", the word "Management" shall be substituted and

ii) In sub-rule (1) of Rule 22 of the said Rules for the word "administration", the word "management" shall be substituted.

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

G. M. Sardessai, Under Secretary (Home).

Panaji, 11th March, 1977.

Notification

HD.33/13588/71-P(II)

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (f) of sub-section (2) of section 46 of the Goa, Daman

and Diu Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1964 (6 of 1964), and in supersession of the Government Notification No. HD.33/17964/67 dated 6-1-1968 published in the Government Gazette Series I, No. 41 dated 11-1-1968, the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*— (1) These rules may be called "Transfer of Evacuee Property (Agriculture Plots and Abadi Sites) Rules, 1977."

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. *Transfer of Evacuee Property on payment of 20 times annual Rent.*— The Custodian of Evacuee Property may with the previous approval of the Government transfer any agricultural property declared as Evacuee Property under the provisions of the Goa, Daman and Diu Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1964 (hereinafter called the Act), to a tenant who is in continuous and uninterrupted possession and occupation of such property from a date prior to 6-12-1961, on payment of 20 times of the annual rent.

3. *Transfer of Property on payment of 25 times annual Rent.*— The Custodian of Evacuee Property may, with the previous approval of the Government, transfer any agricultural property declared as Evacuee Property under the provisions of the Act to an occupant who has occupied such property after 6-12-1961 but before 6-12-1966 and is in continuous and uninterrupted possession of the said property on the date of transfer, on payment of 25 times of the annual rent.

4. *Disposal of non-agriculture plot contiguous to agricultural property.*— The Custodian of Evacuee Property may, with the previous approval of the Government, offer to sell any non-agricultural plot contiguous to agriculture property on which the tenants have constructed dwelling houses before 6-12-1961 to the occupants of such lands at the upset price fixed by the Custodian. In case they do not wish to purchase the said plot, suitable rent will be fixed and they are liable to pay such rent till the plots are finally disposed off.

5. *Period of notice.*— The Custodian of Evacuee Property shall give notice in writing to the tenant or occupant mentioned in Rule 2 or 3 or 4, as the case may be, requiring such tenant or occupant to intimate within 30 days from the date of service of the said notice whether he is willing to purchase the property or not.

6. *Determination of purchase price.*— If the tenant or occupant intimates his willingness to purchase the land within the period specified in the preceding Rule, the Custodian shall determine the price of the land to be paid by the tenant or occupant in consultation with any other Government Department or officer, if deemed fit.

7. *Mode of payment of purchase price.*— (1) On the determination of purchase price by the Custodian under the preceding rule, the tenant or occupant shall have the option to deposit the purchase price either in lumpsum or in twenty equal annual instalments.

(2) The first instalment of the purchase price shall be paid by the tenant or occupant within thirty days from the date of allotment order and the subsequent instalments shall be paid within a period of one year from the date on which the previous instalment was due.

(3) Where the purchase price is payable in lumpsum under sub-rule (1), the lumpsum shall be paid within a period of six months from the date of allotment order.

(4) The Government may vary the period of payment, laid down under this rule, in cases or class of cases wherever Government feels appropriate.

(5) Where the tenant or occupant fails to intimate his willingness within the period specified in Rule 5 or having intimated his willingness fails to pay lumpsum or first instalment, the tenant or occupant shall be deemed to have relinquished his right to purchase the property and he shall forthwith forfeit all his rights, title and interest in the property and the same shall be offered to any other person as per the rules.

(6) Where the tenant or occupant deposits the first instalment but fails to pay any subsequent instalment within the due date, the Custodian may, at his discretion decide either to grant him extension of time limit as may be considered reasonable with the previous approval of the Government and the amount in default shall carry interest at the rate of six per cent per annum.

Provided that nothing shall prevent the Custodian to recover the defaulted amount together with any interest due as arrears of land revenue.

8. *Determination of rent.*— The amount of rent payable by the tenant or occupant, whichever the case may be, for the purposes of these Rules, shall be determined by the Custodian of Evacuee Property, in the case where it has not already been fixed, and the decision of the Custodian of Evacuee Property thereon shall be final.

9. *Fixation of upset price and mode of payment in respect of non-agricultural land intended for constructing dwelling houses.*— If the tenants of the agricultural property desire to purchase the non-agricultural land contiguous to the agricultural land held by them for the purpose of constructing the dwelling houses, such lands may be offered to them by the Custodian, with the previous approval of the Government at the upset price, in such a case or cases, that may be fixed by the Custodian. The cost of the land shall be paid in the same manner as provided in rule 7.

10. *Disposal of land and trees contiguous to agricultural property.*— (1) The rest of the land and trees contiguous to agricultural property which are not specifically covered under these rules may be disposed of by the Custodian with the previous approval of the Government to the freedom fighters, to the serving members of the Armed Forces and/or ex-Servicemen who are ordinarily resident in the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu for not less than fifteen years, to persons who are mundcars and who have been evicted from the site of their dwelling house, and to the Government servants of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu, on receipt of an application in that behalf, without auction in occupancy rights.

2) Such grant may be made on inalienable tenure on payment of occupancy price as may be determined by the Government, if the Custodian, after necessary enquiries, is satisfied that these persons do not own any building plot or a building either in their own name or in name of any member of their family or dependent anywhere in the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu or outside it.

(3) A serving member of the Armed Forces or an ex-Serviceman (or if he is dead or he is unable to write for any reason, then his wife, major son, father, mother or brother in undivided family) may make an application for grant of land for residential use to the Custodian. Such application shall be made through the Chairman, Goa, Daman and Diu Rajya Sainik Board, Panaji, having jurisdiction over the concerned District.

11. *Extent of land which may be granted.* — (1) For the purpose of these Rules, the extent of allocable land which may be granted to any one person shall not exceed an economic holding:

(2) No allocable land shall be granted —

(a) to any individual —

(i) who (not being a serving member of the Armed Forces or a freedom fighter) does not reside within a radius of eight kilometers of the village in which such land is situated, or —

(ii) who holds land equal to or more than one economic holding

(b) to a joint farming society or a farming society if —

(i) the majority of its members do not reside within a radius of eight kilometers of the village in which the land is situated, or

(ii) any members thereof hold land equal to or more than one economic holding.

Provided that, this condition may be relaxed in favour of a society if its total holding does not exceed the area determined under sub-rule (4) of this rule by two hectares:

Provided further that, as between persons residing in the village where the allocable land is situated and persons residing outside such village but within a radius of eight kilometers thereof, preference in granting land may be given to the residents of the village.

(3) While granting land, the Custodian shall as far as possible ensure that the total land held by an individual after the grant of land does not exceed one economic holding.

(4) In case of a joint farming society or a farming society the extent of land which may be granted shall be determined by multiplying the number of members of the society by the area corresponding to one economic holding per each member of a society minus the area of the land already held by such members.

Provided that, any such society may, for the purpose of full and efficient use of the land for agriculture and its efficient management and for maintaining the integrity of any area in one or more compact blocks, be granted land in excess of the area so determined so however that, except the pre-

vious sanction of the Government, the total area of the land so granted does not exceed twice the area determined as aforesaid.

12. *Economic holding.* — For the purpose of these rules, the term "Economic holding" means: —

i) One Hectare of paddy land, or

ii) one hectare of land used for coconut garden, or

iii) one hectare of land used for arecanut garden, or

iv) one hectare of land used for cultivation of sugarcane, or

v) one hectare of land under perennial irrigation, or

vi) two hectares of any other land.

Explanation I. — Where total land held by a person consists of two or more of the aforesaid six clauses of lands, the area of economic holding shall be determined on the basis of one hectare of paddy land being equal to one hectare of land used for coconut garden or one hectare of land used for cultivation of sugarcane or one hectare of land used under perennial irrigation or two hectares of any other land.

Explanation II. — "Irrigation" means irrigated by any irrigation work whether constructed or maintained by the Government or not.

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

G. M. Sardessai, Under Secretary (Home).

Panaji, 11th March, 1977.

Notification

HD/33/13588/71-P(III)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 46 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Administration of Evacuee Property Act, 1964 (6 of 1964) and in supersession of the Government Notification No. HD/33/8019/67 dated 25-9-1967 published in the Government Gazette No. 27, Series I, dated 5-10-1967, the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby makes the following Rules, namely: —

1. *Short title and commencement.* — (1) These rules may be called "Mode of Sale of Immovable Evacuee Property Rules, 1977".

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. *Procedure for sale of immovable evacuee property.* — Any immovable evacuee property may be sold by public auction or by inviting tenders or in such other manner as the Government may by general or special order direct.

3. *Procedure for sale of property by public auction.* — (1) Where any Evacuee property is to be sold by auction, it shall be sold through an officer appointed or auctioneer approved by the Government.

(2) The terms and conditions on which auctioneers may be appointed shall, from time to time, be determined by the Government.

(3) The Custodian or any other officer authorised by him in this behalf shall cause a proclamation of the intended sale to be made in English or Marathi or Konkani in the District of Goa and English or Gujarati in the Districts of Daman and Diu.

(4) Notice of the intended sale shall be given 30 days before the proposed sale and every such notice shall set the date, time and place of the proposed sale, the description of the property to be sold, its locations and boundaries where possible, the terms and conditions of sale and any other particulars which the Custodian or any other officer considers material.

(5) One copy of the notice shall be affixed on conspicuous part of the property to be sold. It shall be in the discretion of the Custodian to advertise the sale in newspapers or in such other manner as he may deem fit.

(6) Every auction of a property under these rules shall be subject to a reserve price fixed in respect of the property and such reserve price may not be disclosed.

(7) The officer conducting the auction may, in his discretion withhold the sale of any property without assigning any reasons therefor.

(8) The Officer conducting the auction may, at his discretion, for reasons to be recorded in writing, adjourn the sale to a specified date and hour and an announcement to that effect shall be made at the time of the adjournment of the sale provided that when the sale is adjourned for a period extending fourteen days, a fresh notice shall be published.

(9) No officer or other persons having any duty to perform in connection with the valuation or sale of any property shall either directly or indirectly bid for or otherwise acquire any interest in such property.

(10) The person declared as the highest bidder for the property, at the auction shall pay in cash or Bank-Draft or in any such other form as may be required by the Custodian or the officer conducting the sale, immediately on the fall of hammer, a deposit not exceeding twenty per cent of the amount of his bid to the officer conducting the sale and in default of such deposit the property may be resold.

(11) The bid in respect of which the initial deposit has been accepted shall be subject to the approval of the Custodian or an officer appointed by him for the purpose.

Provided that no bid of property shall be approved until after the expiry of a period of 7 days from the date of auction.

(12) Intimation of the approval of the bid or its rejection shall be given to the highest bidder (hereinafter referred to as "auction purchaser") by registered post acknowledgement due and the auction purchaser shall, where the bid has been accepted, be required within 15 days of the receipt of such intimation to deposit the balance of the purchase money.

Provided that the Custodian or other officer appointed by him may, for reasons to be recorded in writing extend the aforesaid period of 15 days by such period as the Custodian may think fit.

(13) If the auction purchaser does not deposit the balance of the purchase money within the period specified in sub-rule (12), the initial deposit made by the auction purchaser under sub-rule (10) shall be liable to forfeiture and the Custodian shall be entitled to resell the property at the risk and cost of the defaulting auction purchaser.

(14) Where the purchase price has been realised in full from the auction purchaser, the Custodian shall issue to him, a Sale Certificate which shall be stamped and registered at the cost of the purchaser.

4. *Procedure of sale of property by tenders.*—(1) Where any property is to be sold by inviting tenders, the Custodian shall invite sealed tenders for the property and the invitation shall specify:

(i) the amount to be deposited by the tenderers as earnest money provided that such earnest money shall not be less than 2½% of the amount tendered.

(ii) the description of the property to be sold, its location and boundaries where possible and any other particulars which may be material.

(iii) the period within which tenders are to be received.

(iv) the date, time and place fixed for opening of tenders.

(v) the terms and conditions of tenders as set forth and any other relevant information.

(2) The tenders shall be opened by the Custodian or by any officer authorised by the Custodian, on the date and at the time and place fixed for the opening of the tender in the presence of all those tenderers who may wish to be present.

(3) The Custodian shall not be bound to accept the highest or any other tender and shall not be bound to disclose his reason therefor. Every tenderer shall keep his offer open and shall be bound by the same after the tender documents supplied by him are taken for consideration and shall, if he resiles from such offer, be liable, to forfeiture of his deposit of earnest money. The decision of the Custodian shall be final.

(4) Where a tender has been accepted by the Custodian or any officer authorised by the Custodian in this behalf, the tenderer shall produce before the Custodian or other officer appointed by the Custodian for this purpose, within fifteen days of the intimation to him of the acceptance of the tender, a chalan evidencing the deposit into the treasury of the balance of the purchase money or shall deposit the balance amount in cash before such officer.

(5) The acceptance of a tender shall be subject to the approval of the Custodian or any Officer appointed by him for the purpose. The other provisions regarding the sale of property by public auction shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the sales by tender.

(6) Where a property is purchased by any person under these rules and the full purchase price has

been paid by him, a deed of transfer shall be executed in his favour.

5. *Procedure for setting aside sale.* — (1) Where a person desires that the sale of any property made under the aforesaid rules should be set aside because of any alleged irregularities or fraud, in the conduct of sale, he may make an application to that effect to the Custodian or any other Officer authorised by him in this behalf.

(2) Every application for setting aside the sale under these rules shall be made within seven days from the acceptance of the bid when the sale is made by public auction, and within seven days from the date of opening of tenders, where the sale is made by inviting tenders.

(3) If after consideration of the facts alleged, the Officer to whom the application is made under these rules is satisfied that any material irregularity or fraud has been committed in the publication or conduct of the sale, he may make an order that the property may be re-auctioned or be resold by inviting fresh tenders as the case may be;

Provided that no sale can be set aside under these rules unless upon the facts proved, such Officer is satisfied that the applicant has sustained substantial injury by reason of irregularity or fraud, as the case may be.

(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, the Custodian may, on his own motion or on a reference made in this behalf by the Government, at any time, set aside sale under these rules if he is satisfied that any material irregularity or fraud, which has resulted in a substantial injury to any person, has been committed in the conduct of the sale.

Provided that no such sale shall be set aside after the expiry of one year from the date of the completion of sale and unless the opportunity has been given to the purchaser to appear and be heard.

6. *Rules applicable for disposal of composite property.* — The above rules shall apply as far as may be possible for the disposal of composite property which is jointly owned by an Evacuee and a non-evacuee.

7. *Reserve price.* — The reserve price shall be fixed by the Custodian with the help of the Mamlatdar or Collector of the Revenue Department and/or Director of Agriculture, in case of sale of land, and with the help of Chief Engineer of Public Works Department or his nominee in other cases.

8. *Acceptance of bid or tender.* — The Custodian shall not accept the bid or tender below reserve price. If the bid or tender is less than the reserve price, the property shall be disposed of either by re-auction or by inviting fresh tenders, as the case may be. If at the second auction/tender, the highest offer is less than the reserve price, the Custodian may, at his discretion accept the offer or try any other mode of disposal in the best interest of evacuee pool.

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

G. M. Sardessai, Under Secretary (Home).

Panaji, 11th March, 1977.

Labour and Information Department

Notification

1/292/75-LAB/464

Whereas the Lt. Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu is satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest that the Industry engaged in the production, supply and distribution of petroleum and petroleum products should be declared as Public Utility Service for the purposes of Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (No. 14 of 1947).

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred under sub-clause (vi) of Clause (n) of Section 2 of the said Act, the Lt. Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu hereby declares the industry engaged in the supply and distribution of petroleum products to be public utility service for the purposes of the said Act for a period of six months with effect from 1st April, 1977.

By order and in the name of the Lieutenant Governor of Goa, Daman and Diu.

P. Noronha, Under Secretary, Industries and Labour.

Panaji, 28th March, 1977.

Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu

Legislature Department

LA/B/7/439/77

The following Bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu on 24th March, 1977 is hereby published for general information in pursuance of the provisions of Rule 136 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Legislative Assembly.

THE GOA, DAMAN AND DIU SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATION BILL, 1977

(Bill No. 1 of 1977)

A Bill to authorise payment and appropriation of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu for the services and purposes of the financial year 1976-77.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu in the Twenty-eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. *Short title.* — This Act may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Supplementary Appropriation Act, 1977.

2. *Issue of Rs. 2,97,64,400 out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu for the financial year 1976-77.* — From and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu there may be paid and applied sums not exceeding those specified in column 5 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of two crores ninety seven lakhs sixty four thousand

and four hundred rupees towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year 1976-77 in respect of the services and purposes specified in column 2 of the Schedule.

3. **Appropriation.** — The sums authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu, by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said year.

THE SCHEDULE
(See Sections 2 and 3)

No. of Demand	Services and purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Assembly	Charged on the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu	Total
1	2	3	4	5
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Appropriation — Interest Payments	—	38,85,000	38,85,000
7	Police and Fire Services	1,59,000	—	1,59,000
10	Other General Services	4,45,000	—	4,45,000
11	Pension	9,50,000	—	9,50,000
12	Public Works, Housing and Urban Development	8,74,000	90,000	9,64,000
13	Roads and Bridges	29,07,000	—	29,07,000
14	Education, Art and Culture	100	—	100
15	Medical, Family Planning and Public Health, Sanitation and Water Supply	22,98,000	—	22,98,000
16	Information and Publicity	2,00,000	—	2,00,000
17	Labour and Employment	12,16,000	—	12,16,000
18	Social Security and Welfare, Relief on Account of Natural Calamities and Food and Nutrition	10,76,000	—	10,76,000
19	Cooperation, Community Development and Compensations and Assignments to Local Bodies and Panchayati Raj Institutions	92,90,100	—	92,90,100
21	Agriculture and Allied Services	14,13,200	—	14,13,200
22	Irrigation and Power Projects	22,52,000	—	22,52,000
23	Industries	19,00,000	—	19,00,000
24	Road and Water Transport Services (including Ports)	2,83,000	—	2,83,000
25	Tourism	1,00,000	—	1,00,000
	Appropriation — Public Public Debt	—	26,000	26,000
26	Loans and Advances by Union Territory Government	4,00,000	—	4,00,000
	Total	2,57,63,400	40,01,000	2,97,64,400

Financial Memorandum

Provision is made in the Bill to appropriate for certain services and purposes expressed in the Schedule during the financial year ending 31st March, 1977, a sum of Rs. 2,97,64,400 over and above the amounts granted for those services for the financial year 1976-77. The amount mentioned above consists of Rs. 1,52,89,400 on Revenue Account and Rs. 1,44,75,000 on Capital Account.

Statement of Objects and Reasons

This Bill is introduced in pursuance of section 29(1) of the Government of Union Territories Act, 1963, to provide for the Supplementary Appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu of the moneys required to meet the amounts required on certain services during the financial year, 1976-77 in excess of the amounts granted for those services.

SMT. SHASHIKALA G. KAKODKAR
Chief Minister

Panaji
March, 1977

Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu

A
BILL

To give effect to the financial proposal of the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu, for the financial year 1976-77.

The Administrator has, in pursuance of sub-section (1) of Section 23 of the Government of Union Territories Act, 1963, recommended to the Legislative Assembly, the introduction and consideration of the Bill.

M. M. NAIK
Secretary, Legislature Department.

LA/B/7/440/77

The following Bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu on 24th March, 1977 is hereby published for general information in pursuance of the provisions of Rule 136 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Legislative Assembly.

**THE GOA, DAMAN AND DIU APPROPRIATION
(EXCESS EXPENDITURE) BILL, 1977**

(Bill No. 2 of 1977)

A Bill to provide for the authorisation of appropriation of moneys from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu to meet the amounts spent on certain services during the year 1973-74 in excess of the amounts granted for those services and for that period.

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu in the Twenty-eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. **Short title.**— This Act may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Appropriation (Excess Expenditure) Act, 1977.

2. **Issue of Rs. 7,71,919 out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu to meet excess expenditure for the year 1973-74**— From and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu, the sums specified in column 5 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of seven lakhs, seventy one thousand, nine hundred and nineteen rupees shall be deemed to have been authorised to be paid and applied to meet the amount spent for defraying the charges in respect of the services specified in column 2 of the Schedule for the year 1973-74 in excess of the amounts granted for those services and for that period.

3. **Appropriation.**— The sums deemed to have been authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu under this Act, shall be deemed to have been appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule for the year 1973-74.

THE SCHEDULE
(See Sections 2 & 3)

No. of Vote	Services and purposes	Sums not exceeding		
		Voted by Assembly	Charged on the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu	Total excess/over grants/appropriation
1	2	3	4	5
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
7.	Registration Fees ...	5,105	—	5,105
—	Interest on Debt and other Obligations ...	—	271	271
15.	Medical and Public Health Services ...	6,36,231	—	6,36,231
24.	Stationery and Printing ...	71,824	—	71,824
33.	Capital Outlay on Forests ...	58,488	—	58,488
	Total ...	7,71,648	271	7,71,919

Financial Memorandum

The provision of Rs. 7,71,919 included in the Bill relates to the amounts appropriated for certain services and purposes expressed in the Schedule during the year 1973-74, over and above the amounts granted for the services for the said period. The amounts mentioned above consist of Rs. 7,13,431 on Revenue Account and Rs. 58,488 on Capital Account for the said year.

Statement of Objects and Reasons

The Demands for Excess Grants for the expenditure of this Union Territory for the year 1973-74 were presented to the Legislative Assembly on 22nd March, 1977. They have since been discussed and voted by the Assembly. This Appropriation Bill is,

therefore, introduced in pursuance of Section 29(1) of the Government of Union territories Act, 1963 to provide for the authorisation of appropriation of moneys out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu to meet the amounts spent on certain services during the year 1973-1974 in excess of the amounts granted for those services and for that period.

The Administrator has, in pursuance of sub-section (1) of Section 23 of the Act *ibid*, recommended to the Legislative Assembly, the introduction and consideration of the Bill.

SMT. SHASHIKALA G. KAKODKAR
Chief Minister

Panaji,
March, 1977.

Assembly Hall,
Panaji,
24th March, 1977.

M. M. NAIK
Secretary to the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu.

LA/B/7/487/77

The following Bill which was introduced in the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu on 29th March, 1977 is hereby published for general information in pursuance of the provisions of Rule 136 of the Rules of Procedure and Conduct of Business of the Legislative Assembly.

**THE GOA, DAMAN AND DIU APPROPRIATION
(VOTE ON ACCOUNT) BILL, 1977**

(Bill No. 3 of 1977)

A Bill to provide for the withdrawal of certain sums from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu for the services of a part of the Financial Year 1977-78.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu in the Twenty-Eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. **Short title.**— This Act may be called the Goa, Daman and Diu Appropriation (Vote on Account) Act, 1977.

2. **Withdrawal of Rupees nine crores, seventy lakhs and seventy four thousand from and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu for the financial year 1977-78.**— From and out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu there may be withdrawn sums not exceeding those specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of Rupees nine crores seventy lakhs and seventy four thousand towards defraying the several charges which will come in course of payment during the financial year, 1977-78.

3. **Appropriation.**— The sum authorised to be withdrawn from and out of the Consolidated Fund by this Act shall be appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the said year.

THE SCHEDULE
(See Sections 2 and 3)

No. of Demand	Services and purposes	Sums not exceeding			Total
		Voted by Assembly	Charged on the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu		
1	2	3	4	5	
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1.	Union Territory Legislature and Elections ...	1,51,000	6,000	1,57,000	
2.	Miscellaneous General Services ...	15,13,000	74,000	15,87,000	
3.	Administration of Justice ...	3,28,000	80,000	4,08,000	
4.	Land Revenue, Stamps and Registration ...	2,57,000	—	2,57,000	
5.	State Excise, Sales Tax and Other Taxes and Duties.	4,21,000	—	4,21,000	
6.	Taxes on Vehicles.	79,000	—	79,000	
7.	Police and Fire Services ...	24,67,000	—	24,67,000	
8.	Jails ...	1,83,000	—	1,83,000	
9.	Stationery and Printing ...	4,50,000	—	4,50,000	
10.	Other General Services ...	93,000	—	93,000	
11.	Pension ...	9,27,000	—	9,27,000	
12.	Public Works, Housing and Urban Development ...	83,98,000	9,000	84,07,000	
13.	Roads and Bridges.	31,54,000	—	31,54,000	
14.	Education, Art and Culture ...	1,29,46,000	—	1,29,46,000	
15.	Medical, Family Planning and Public Health, Sanitation and Water Supply ...	1,06,75,000	—	1,06,75,000	
16.	Information and Publicity ...	2,19,000	—	2,19,000	
17.	Labour and Employment ...	4,24,000	—	4,24,000	
18.	Social Security and Welfare, Relief on account of Natural Calamities and Food and Nutrition ...	1,75,91,000	—	1,75,91,000	
19.	Cooperation, Community Development and Compensations and Assignments to Local Bodies and Panchayati Raj Institutions ...	20,54,000	—	20,54,000	
20.	Other Economic Services and Mines and Minerals.	3,57,000	—	3,57,000	
21.	Agriculture and Allied Services ...	1,01,90,000	—	1,01,90,000	

1	2	3	4	5
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
22.	Irrigation and Power Projects ...	2,02,88,000	—	2,02,88,000
23.	Industries ...	10,65,000	—	10,65,000
24.	Road and Water Transport Services (including Ports) ...	10,04,000	—	10,04,000
25.	Tourism ...	12,67,000	—	12,67,000
26.	Loans and Advances by the Union Territory Governments ...	4,04,000	—	4,04,000
	Total ...	9,69,05,000	1,69,000	9,70,74,000
	Revenue ...	4,72,03,000	1,69,000	4,73,72,000
	Capital (including Loans) ...	4,97,02,000	—	4,97,02,000

Financial Memorandum

Provision is made in this Bill to appropriate for certain services and purposes expressed in the Schedule during the Financial Year, 1977-78 a sum of Rs. 9,70,74,000, pending discussions and voting of the Demands for Grants for the year 1977-78 by the Legislative Assembly. The amount mentioned above consists of Rs. 4,73,72,000 on Revenue Account and Rs. 4,97,02,000 on Capital Account including Loans and Advances.

Statement of Objects and Reasons

This Bill is introduced in pursuance of Section 31(1) read with Section 29(1) of the Government of Union Territories Act, 1963, to provide for the appropriation out of the Consolidated Fund of the Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu of the monies required to meet the expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund and the grants made in advance by the Goa, Daman and Diu Legislative Assembly in respect of the estimated expenditure of the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu for two months i.e. for the months of April and May, 1977.

The Administrator has, in pursuance of Sub-Section (1) of Section 23 of the Government of Union Territories Act, 1963 recommended to the Legislative Assembly the introduction and consideration of the Bill.

SMT. SHASHIKALA G. KAKODKAR
Chief Minister

Panaji,
March, 1977.

Assembly Hall,
Panaji
29th March, 1977

M. M. NAIK
Secretary to the Legislative Assembly of Goa, Daman and Diu